

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	4
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	5
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis	7
Budgetary Comparison Statement -	
General Fund - Modified Cash Basis	8
Pension Tax Fund - Modified Cash Basis	9
Fire Tax Fund - Modified Cash Basis	10
Highway Aid Fund - Modified Cash Basis	11
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds - Modified Cash Basis	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds - Modified Cash Basis	13
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds - Modified Cash Basis	14
Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds - Modified Cash Basis	15
Notes to Financial Statements	16

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress - Employees' Pension Plan	39
Schedule of Annual Required Contributions - Employees' Pension Plan	40
Notes to Supplementary Schedules - Employees' Pension Plan	41
Schedule of Funding Progress - Police Pension Plan	42
Schedule of Annual Required Contributions - Police Pension Plan	43
Notes to Supplementary Schedules - Police Pension Plan	44
Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Annual Required Contributions - Police Other Postemployment Benefits	45
Combining and Individual Fund Statements:	
Combining Statement of Net Position - Pension Trust Funds - Modified Cash Basis	46
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position - Pension Trust Funds - Modified Cash Basis	47
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund - Modified Cash Basis	48
OTHER REPORT	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	49



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

June 23, 2021

To the Borough Council Borough of Swarthmore Swarthmore, Pennsylvania

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough of Swarthmore ("the Borough"), Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Borough's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Borough's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

To the Borough Council Borough of Swarthmore

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough of Swarthmore, Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position - modified cash basis, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons - modified cash basis for the General Fund, Pension Tax Fund, Fire Tax Fund, and Highway Aid Fund for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Borough's basic financial statements. The schedules of funding progress, annual required contributions, and notes to supplementary schedules on pages 39 through 45 and the combining and individual fund financial statements on pages 46 through 48 ("the supplementary information"), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with

To the Borough Council Borough of Swarthmore

auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 23, 2021, on our consideration of the Borough's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Borough's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Barbacane, Thornton & Company LLP
BARBACANE, THORNTON & COMPANY LLP

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Internal balances	\$ 1,109,794 (966)	\$ 377,630 966	\$ 1,487,424 -
TOTAL ASSETS	1,108,828	378,596	1,487,424
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities: Liabilities:			
Payroll withholding liabilities	22,913		22,913
TOTAL LIABILITIES	22,913	<u> </u>	22,913
NET POSITION Restricted for:			
Highways and streets	19,221	-	19,221
Fire relief	57,361	-	57,361
Debt service	64,612	-	64,612
Unrestricted	944,721	378,596	1,323,317
TOTAL NET POSITION	1,085,915	378,596	1,464,511
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 1,108,828	\$ 378,596	\$ 1,487,424

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 **BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE**

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) R	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	s in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Administrative	\$ 627,356	\$ 3,550	\$ 84,219	· У	\$ (539,587)	· •	\$ (539,587)
Permits and licenses Public safety	44,096 2,221,166	904,523	43,179		(44,096) (1,273,464)		(44,096) (1,273,464)
Health Public works	1,625 489,254	36,212	171,122	1 1	(1,625) (281,920)		(1,625) (281,920)
Library Culture and recreation	187,300 264,232	37,078	202,182	1 1	(187,300) (24,972)		(187,300) (24,972)
Debt service TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	120,117 3,955,146	- 981,363	500,702		(120,117) (2,473,081)		(120,117) (2,473,081)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Solid waste	653,285 1 218 867	596,443	36,675	1	•	(20,167)	(20,167)
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	1,872,152	1,667,742	83,758			(120,652)	(120,652)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 5,827,298	\$ 2,649,105	\$ 584,460	٠ د	(2,473,081)	(120,652)	(2,593,733)
		GENERAL REVENUES Taxes: Real estate taxes Real estate transfer taxes Local services tax Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits Investment earnings Grants and contributions not res to specific programs Miscellaneous Transfers in/out TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES CHANGE IN NET POSITION NET POSITION, BEGINNING C	GENERAL REVENUES Taxes: Real estate taxes Real estate transfer taxes Local services tax Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits Investment earnings Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Miscellaneous Transfers in/out TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES CHANGE IN NET POSITION	υ Υ	2,090,846 162,524 111,762 116,105 20,641 8,340 259,746 51,999 15,642 2,837,605 364,524 721,391	2,963 - (15,642) (12,679) (133,331) 511,927	2,090,846 162,524 111,762 116,105 20,641 11,303 259,746 51,999 - 2,824,926 231,193

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

\$ 1,464,511

378,596

S

\$ 1,085,915

NET POSITION, END OF YEAR

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

General Pension Fund Tax \$ 971,835 \$ -		Fire Tax \$ 57,36 \$ 57,36 \$ 57,36 \$ 57,36 \$ \$ 57,36 \$ \$ 57,36 \$ \$ 57,36 \$ \$ \$ 57,36 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		Highway Aid Aid 1	Capital Pension Reserve Tax Fund	971,835 \$ - \$ 315,654 \$ = 971,835 \$ - \$ 315,654 \$		57,36	
	General Fund 971,835 \$ 971,835 \$ 22,913 \$ 81,240 446,635 890,595 971,835 \$	General Pension R Fund Tax 971,835 \$ - \$ 971,835 \$ - \$ 81,240 \$ 261,528 \$ - 446,635 \$ - \$ 890,595 \$ - \$ 890,595 \$ - \$ 890,595 \$ - \$ 871,835 \$ - \$	Capital Fund Capital Fund 971,835 \$ \$ 315,654 \$ 971,835 \$ \$ 315,654 \$ 971,835 \$ \$ 315,654 \$ 81,240 261,528 \$ \$ 443,960 446,635 (261,528) 890,595 (261,528) 971,835 \$ \$ 315,654 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	General Pension Reserve Fire High Fund Tax - + High 971,835 \$ - \$ 315,654 \$ 57,361 \$ 971,835 \$ - - - \$ 971,835 \$ - - - - - 1,240 261,528 \$ - - - - - 81,240 261,528 -		ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) LIABILITIES Cash overdraft Payroll withholding liabilities Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Restricted for: Highways and streets Fire relief Debt service	Committed for: Post-retirement benefits Assigned for: Capital costs Unassigned (Deficit) TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)
Capital Reserve Fire High Fund Tax	Fire Highway I Aid Sc 19,221 \$ 57,361 \$ - \$ 19,221 \$ - \$ 57,361 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Highway Se Aid Se 19,221 \$ - 19,221 \$ - 19,221			Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,371,322 57,361 \$ 1,428,683	\$ 261,528 22,913 58,327 342,768	19,221 57,361 64,612	443,960 315,654 185,107 1,085,915 \$ 1,428,683

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Total		\$ 2,090,846 162,524 111,762	116,105	8,340 500,702	981,363 259.746	51,999 4,304,028		509,602	1,571,72	417,225	187,300 244,677	903,128	105,811	14,306 3,955,146	348,882	57,710	(42,068) 15,642	364,524	721,391	\$ 1,085,915
Debt Service		\$ 75,528				75,528				•		1	64,140	9,766 73,906	1,622	,		1,622	62,990	\$ 64,612
Highway Aid		· · ·		792 171,122		171,914				225,571		•		225,571	(53,657)	,		(53,657)	72,878	\$ 19,221
Fire Tax		\$ 352,627				352,627		324 069		•		•		324,069	28,558	,		28,558	28,803	\$ 57,361
Capital Reserve Fund	5	· · · ·		2,230 202,182	- 146.746	40,605 391,763		191,748	200,00	47,480	25,635	•	21,911	1,652 338,426	53,337	42,068	42,068	95,405	220,249	\$ 315,654
Pension Tax		\$ 183,885		73,857		257,742						300,887	•	300,887	(43,145)	•		(43,145)	(218,383)	\$ (261,528)
General Fund	5	\$ 1,478,806 162,524 111,762	116,105 20,641	5,318 53,541	981,363 113.000	11,394 3,054,454		317,854 1 197 403	1,625	144,174	187,300 219,042	602,241	19,760	2,888 2,692,287	362,167	15,642	(42,068) (26,426)	335,741	554,854	\$ 890,595
	REVENUES Taxas:	Texas: Real estate tax Transfer tax Local service tax	Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits	Interest, rents, and royalties Intergovernmental revenues	Charges for services Contributions	Miscellaneous revenue TOTAL REVENUES	EXPENDITURES Current:	General government Public safety	Health	Public works - highways and streets	Library Culture and recreation	Employee benefits Debt service:	Principal	Interest TOTAL EXPENDITURES	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	Transfers out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - GENERAL FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
Taxes:	.	.	. (=)
Real estate tax	\$ 1,521,600	\$ 1,478,806	\$ (42,794)
Transfer tax Local service tax	150,000 110,000	162,524 111,762	12,524 1,762
Licenses and permits	111,000	116,105	5,105
Fines and forfeits	42,500	20,641	(21,859)
Interest, rents, and royalties	12,500	5,318	(7,182)
Intergovernmental revenues	10,500	53,541	43,041
Charges for services	596,369	981,363	384,994
Contributions	115,000	113,000	(2,000)
Miscellaneous revenue	9,500	11,394	1,894
TOTAL REVENUES	2,678,969	3,054,454	375,485
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General government	351,128	317,854	33,274
Public safety	1,197,836	1,197,403	433
Health	2,000	1,625	375
Public works - highways and streets	138,950	144,174	(5,224)
Library	187,300	187,300	-
Culture and recreation	156,150	219,042	(62,892)
Employee benefits	642,792	602,241	40,551
Miscellaneous expense	2,500	-	2,500
Debt service:			
Principal	-	19,760	(19,760)
Interest	- 0.070.050	2,888	(2,888)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,678,656	2,692,287	(13,631)
EXCESS OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	313	362,167	361,854
OVER EMBITORES		302,107	301,004
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	15,642	15,642
Transfers out	-	(42,068)	(42,068)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		(26,426)	(26,426)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	313	335,741	335,428
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	554,854	554,854	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 555,167	\$ 890,595	\$ 335,428

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - PENSION TAX FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
Property taxes	\$ 189,975	\$ 183,885	\$ (6,090)
Intergovernmental revenues	78,150	73,857	(4,293)
TOTAL REVENUES	268,125	257,742	(10,383)
EXPENDITURES Current: Employee benefits TOTAL EXPENDITURES	300,887 300,887	300,887 300,887	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND DEFICIT	(32,762)	(43,145)	(10,383)
FUND DEFICIT, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(218,383)	(218,383)	
FUND DEFICIT, END OF YEAR	\$ (251,145)	\$ (261,528)	\$ (10,383)

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - FIRE TAX FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
	¢ 264 E00	ሰ ጋ ደጋ 6ጋ7	ф (0.072)
Property taxes	\$ 361,500	\$ 352,627	\$ (8,873)
TOTAL REVENUES	361,500	352,627	(8,873)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety TOTAL EXPENDITURES	348,284 348,284	324,069 324,069	24,215 24,215
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	13,216	28,558	15,342
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	28,803	28,803	<u>-</u> _
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 42,019	\$ 57,361	\$ 15,342

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - HIGHWAY AID FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

DEVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance
REVENUES Interest Intergovernmental revenues TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 2,500 169,000 171,500	\$ 792 171,122 171,914	\$ (1,708) 2,122 414
EXPENDITURES Current: Highways and roads TOTAL EXPENDITURES	202,600 202,600	225,571 225,571	(22,971) (22,971)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(31,100)	(53,657)	(22,557)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	72,878	72,878	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 41,778	\$ 19,221	\$ (22,557)

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS	Sewer and Solid Waste	Sanitary Sewer	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 263,410 966	\$ 114,220 	\$ 377,630 966
Total Assets	264,376	114,220	378,596
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Liabilities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net Position: Unrestricted Total Net Position	264,376 \$ 264,376	114,220 \$ 114,220	378,596 \$ 378,596

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Sewer and Solid Waste	Sanitary Sewer	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES			
Trash service charges	\$ 596,443	\$ -	\$ 596,443
Sewer service charges	1,071,299	-	1,071,299
Other revenues	36,675	47,083	83,758
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	1,704,417	47,083	1,751,500
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Trash service charges	360,353	-	360,353
Sewer service charges	1,081,569	131,098	1,212,667
General and administrative	292,932		292,932
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,734,854	131,098	1,865,952
OPERATING LOSS	(30,437)	(84,015)	(114,452)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Net earnings on investments	2,530	433	2,963
Interest expense	(1,100)	-	(1,100)
Principal paid on debt	(5,100)	<u>-</u>	(5,100)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(3,670)	433	(3,237)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE TRANSFERS	(34,107)	(83,582)	(117,689)
TRANSFERS			
Transfers in	-	41,000	41,000
Transfers out	(56,642)		(56,642)
TOTAL TRANSFERS	(56,642)	41,000	(15,642)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(90,749)	(42,582)	(133,331)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	355,125	156,802	511,927
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 264,376	\$ 114,220	\$ 378,596

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Pension Trust Funds	Agency Funds	Total Fiduciary Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 249,876	\$ 9,972	\$ 259,848
Payroll withholdings due from Borough of Swarthmore	13,779	-	13,779
Investments, at fair value - mutual funds:			
Mutual funds - fixed income	3,040,663	-	3,040,663
Mutual funds - international fixed income	2,303,703	-	2,303,703
Mutual funds - equity	4,272,462	-	4,272,462
Mutual funds - stable value	380,496	-	380,496
TOTAL ASSETS	10,260,979	9,972	10,270,951
LIABILITIES			
Escrow payable		9,972	9,972
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,972	9,972
NET POSITION Net position restricted for pension benefits	\$10,260,979	\$ -	\$10,260,979

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

<u>ADDITIONS</u>	Pension Trust Funds
Contributions: Municipal contributions Employee contributions State contributions Total Contributions	\$ 247,998 52,436 73,857 374,291
Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments Dividends and interest Total Investment Income Less: Investment expense Net Investment Income	1,146,312 184,227 1,330,539 (98,253) 1,232,286
TOTAL ADDITIONS	1,606,577
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits paid	347,053
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	347,053
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,259,524
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,001,455
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 10,260,979

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Borough of Swarthmore ("the Borough") is a municipal corporation existing and operating under the Borough Code of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The accompanying financial statements present the primary government.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position - modified cash basis and the statement of activities - modified cash basis) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide statement of net position - modified cash basis and the statement of activities - modified cash basis, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

All government and proprietary funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities (to the extent recognized under the modified cash basis) are generally included on the balance sheet - modified cash basis and statement of financial position - modified cash basis. The operating statements present sources and uses available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position - modified cash basis, statement of activities modified cash basis, and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-like activities are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. Additionally, long-term assets and liabilities, including capital assets and debt, are excluded from the statements. The Borough's investments are measured at fair value. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable, capital assets, and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected), and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable, debt and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Borough utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary and fiduciary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Financial Statement Presentation

The government reports the following governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Pension Tax Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the collection of taxes used to fund the Borough's pension plans. The primary revenue stream is real estate taxes and grants revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

- The Capital Reserve Fund is a capital projects fund used for capital expenditures, including purchase of major pieces of equipment and infrastructure projects including streets, stormwater management, and upgrades to Borough buildings and parks.
- The Fire Tax Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the collection of taxes used for fire relief and hydrant maintenance.
- The *Highway Aid Fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for highway-related projects in the Borough. The primary revenue stream is grant revenue.
- The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest payments on long-term debt of governmental funds.

The government reports the following proprietary fund types:

- The Sewer and Solid Waste Fund is a proprietary fund used to account for revenue and expenditures relating to sewer, recycling, and trash. Revenues include money from current and delinquent sewer and trash fees, and recycling sales. Expenditures include sanitary and storm sewer maintenance and repair, sanitary sewage treatment, trash collection, recycling collection, and an allocated portion of Borough administrative expenditures.
- The Sanitary Sewer Fund is a capital proprietary fund used for major sanitary sewer repairs. Revenue is derived from money raised by sewer fees assessed in the Sewer and Solid Waste Fund. The monies are transferred to the capital fund annually. Expenditures are restricted to repairs of the Borough's sanitary sewer lines and related engineering costs.

The government reports the following fiduciary fund types:

- The Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the Police and Employees' Pension plans, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.
- The Agency Funds account for assets held by the Borough as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and other funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes, and other charges between the government's sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items.

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

Operating expenses for enterprise funds include payroll, intergovernmental payments, and treatment costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the Borough are reported at fair value. The Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

With the exception of pension trust funds, state law allows the government to invest in obligations of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any agency or instrumentality of either, which are secured by the full faith and credit of such entity. The law also allows for the government to invest in commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and certificates of deposit (including negotiable certificates of deposit) of banks, savings and loans, and savings banks both within and outside the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, provided such amounts are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or other like insurance, and that deposits in excess of such insurance are collateralized by the depository. The state also imposes limitations with respect to the amount of investment in certificates of deposit to the extent that such deposits may not exceed 20 percent of a bank's total capital surplus or 20 percent of a savings and loan's or savings bank's assets, net of its liabilities. The government may also invest in shares of registered investment companies, provided that investments of the company are authorized investments, as noted above. The government has adopted an investment policy.

The law provides that the government's pension trust funds may invest in any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or financial transaction if determined by the government to be prudent. The Borough is authorized by Borough Council to invest in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the approved investment policy statement.

Due From and Due To Other Funds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date.

Sewer and trash fees are assessed as of the same date. Taxes and fees are billed February 1 and payable under the following terms: a two percent discount February 1 through March 31; face amount April 1 through May 31; and a 10 percent penalty after June 1. Pennsylvania Act 15 of 2020 permitted the Borough to waive penalties on 2020 taxes through December 31, 2020. Any unpaid bills at December 31 are subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value.

In establishing the fair value of investments, the Borough uses the following hierarchy. The lowest level of valuation available is used for all investments.

Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has the ability to access.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices of similar products in active markets or identical products in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick pay benefits in the financial statements since they are being reported on the modified cash basis of accounting, as described in Note 1. The liability at December 31, 2020 was \$178,871.

Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are expensed as paid under the modified cash basis of accounting. Any issuance premiums or discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recorded as other financing sources and uses at the time of issuance.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds, net position is classified in the following categories:

- Restricted Net Position This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents net position of the entity not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Fund Balance

Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Borough is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

 Restricted Fund Balance – includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Borough's highest level of decisionmaking authority, the Borough Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Borough taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution and ordinance).
- Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts intended to be used by the Borough for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Borough Council or (b) a body (a budget, finance committee, or Borough Manager and Director) to which the assigned amounts are to be used for specific purposes. Assigned amounts also include all residual amounts in governmental funds (except negative amounts) that are not classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed.
- Unassigned Fund Balance this residual classification is used for all negative fund balances in Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service funds or any residual amounts in the General Fund.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. In all cases, encumbrance amounts have been assigned for specific purposes for which resources already have been allocated.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all funds except the capital projects funds (including sanitary sewer). All appropriations lapse at year end unless the Borough Council approves a carry-over of an unused budget line item.

Beginning at least 30 days prior to the adoption of the budget, a proposed budget is prepared in a manner designated by Borough Council. Notice that the proposed budget is available for inspection is published by the Borough Secretary in a newspaper of general circulation. The budget is then made available for a 10-day period. Borough Council must adopt the budget

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont'd)

through a motion by December 31. It is also the duty of Borough Council to adopt an ordinance levying taxes as allowed by Borough Code. All budget revisions require the approval of the Borough Council.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the General Fund expenditures exceeded appropriations in the categories of public works - highways and streets (\$5,224), culture and recreation (\$62,892), and debt service principal and interest (\$19,760 and \$2,888, respectively), totaling \$90,764. These expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and a reduction of expenditures in other areas.

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Highway Aid Fund expenditures exceeded appropriations in the category of public works - highways and roads in the amount of \$22,971. These expenditures were funded by use of available fund balance.

<u>Deficit Fund Balance</u>

As of December 31, 2020, the Pension Tax Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$261,528. Real estate tax collections will be used to eliminate this deficit balance in future years.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Borough's deposits may not be returned to it. Any balances exceeding federal depository insurance are exposed to custodial credit risk because it is uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Borough's name. The risks of default are eliminated due to the constraints imposed upon allowable investment instruments by the Borough's investment policy and through state limitations. As of December 31, 2020, the Borough's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,747,272 (includes pension trust and agency funds), and the bank balance was \$1,763,650, the difference being outstanding checks and deposits. Of the bank balance, \$280,034 is covered by federal depository insurance.

As of December 31, 2020, the remaining \$1,483,616 of the Borough's deposits was in the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust ("PLGIT"). Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PLGIT acts like a

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</u> (cont'd)

money market mutual fund in that its objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized rating organization (Standard & Poor's rating of AAAm as of December 31, 2020), and is subject to an independent annual audit.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

As of December 31, 2020, the Borough had the following investments:

Fiduciary Funds	Fair Value	Level 1		
Mutual funds - fixed income	\$ 3,040,663	\$ 3,040,663		
Mutual funds - international fixed income	2,303,703	2,303,703		
Mutual funds - equity	4,272,462	4,272,462		
Mutual funds - stable value	380,496	380,496		
Total Fiduciary Funds	\$ 9,997,324	\$ 9,997,324		

Investments in external investment pools, such as mutual funds, are disclosed but not subject to interest rate, custodial, credit, or concentration risks because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Interfund Transfers

<u>Transfers Out</u> :			<u>Transfers In</u> :					
General Fund	\$	42,068	Capital Reserve Fund	\$	42,068			
Sewer and Solid Waste Fund		15,642	General Fund		15,642			
Sewer and Solid Waste Fund		41,000	Sanitary Sewer		41,000			
Total	\$	98,710	Total	\$	98,710			

Sewer and solid waste fund transfers to the sanitary sewer fund were made to fund future sewer repairs and capital projects. General fund transfers to the capital reserve fund were made to support the operations of the that fund. Sewer and solid waste fund transfers to the general fund were made to refund prior year expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</u> (cont'd)

Interfund Loans

<u>Due From</u> :			<u>Due To</u> :					
General Fund General Fund	\$ 57,361 966		Fire Tax Fund Sewer and Solid Waste	\$	57,361 966			
Total	\$	58,327	Total	\$	58,327			

Interfund balances reflect funds collected on behalf of the funds they are due to but not yet remitted as of December 31, 2020.

<u>Leases</u>

Capital Leases

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	 ernmental
Asset	 Activities
Vehicles	\$ 112.791

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2020, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Governmental Activities			
2021 Less: amount representing interest	\$ 11,288 (550)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 10,738			

Long-term Debt

General Obligation Notes: The Borough obtains general obligation notes to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets. General obligation notes have been issued

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (cont'd)

for both governmental and business-type activities. The original amount of general obligation notes issued in prior years was \$3,335,000. During fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, the Borough did not issue any new general obligation notes.

General obligation notes are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These notes are generally issued as 20-year notes with varying amounts of principal maturing each year.

There is no liability for long-term debt in the financial statements since they are being reported on the modified cash basis of accounting, as described in Note 1. As of December 31, 2020, general obligation notes arising from modified cash basis transactions, payable from governmental fund resources, consisted of the following:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount			
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	0.953% - 4.633% 0.953% - 4.633%	\$	213,106 716,894		
		\$	930,000		

Interest Rate Management: The Borough has notes outstanding with Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority ("DVRFA") as described below. The DVRFA has issued bonds to provide funds for these loans and has entered into interest rate swap agreements with Bank of America ("BANA") and Citibank. The objective is to reduce the costs of participants in the DVRFA Loan Program and to enhance the ability of participants to manage their interest rate risks. The interest rate swaps serve as hedges against swings in the cash flows that would be required to repay outstanding debt.

Terms: The significant terms of the interest rate swap were as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Maturity Date	Principal Outstanding	Type of Note	Rate in Effect at Year End	 Market Value
GO Note	2002	2022	\$ 77,000	Fixed	1.925%	\$ 12,651
GO Note	2006	2026	325,000	Fixed	1.424%	53,395
GO Note	2008	2028	193,000	Variable	1.490%	31,709
GO Note	2013	2033	335,000	Variable	1.490%	 55,038
			\$ 930,000			\$ 152,793

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</u> (cont'd)

Interest Rate Risk: The Borough has the option under the loan agreements to pay a variable rate of interest or a fixed rate. If the Borough elects the variable rate, the interest rate, based upon the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association Municipal Swap Index ("the Municipal Swap Index"), adjusts weekly with a maximum interest rate of 15 percent. If the Borough elects a fixed rate, the rate, with terms and conditions selected by the Borough, would be set based upon the fixed rate swap market at that time with a new confirm executed by DVRFA under the DVRFA Swap Agreement. The Borough has the option to convert all or a portion of the variable rate notes to a fixed rate at any time to mitigate the exposure to changes in interest rates.

Basis Risk: The Borough does not have a basis risk.

Credit Risk: The Borough is exposed to credit risk on the swaps only when their fair values are negative or liabilities. At December 31, 2020, the swap had a positive fair value, and the maximum amount of loss due to credit risk is zero. The long-term unsecured senior debt ratings of DVRFA are currently A1 and A+ by Moody's and Standards & Poor's, respectively.

Termination Risk: The Borough is obligated to pay any termination payment associated with the portion of the DVRFA Swap Agreement allocable to the applicable note. A termination payment may be incurred due to the termination of all or a portion of the DVRFA Swap Agreement with the mutual consent of DVRFA, BANA, Citibank, and the Borough. These termination payments could be triggered in the event of (i) a payment default by the Borough under the Loan Agreement; (ii) a payment default by DVRFA, BANA, or Citibank under the DVRF A Swap Agreement; (iii) the occurrence of events that may precipitate a payment default by DVRFA, BANA, or Citibank; or (iv) the downgrading of the long-term, unsecured, senior debt ratings of BANA, Citibank, or DVRFA.

In all instances of termination, except a payment default on a note converted to a fixed rate, DVRFA would seek to replace the DVRFA Swap Agreement with a new interest rate swap agreement with similar terms and conditions. The amount of the termination payment is determined by the market value of the DVRFA Swap Agreement; therefore, the cost or income of the replacement swap should offset the cost or income from the termination payment.

DVRFA may not be able to secure the replacement interest rate swap if the swap market is not functioning normally or if DVRFA does not have access to the swap market. If DVRFA was obligated to make a payment and sufficient funds were not available, DVRFA could assess each borrower its allocable share of the termination payment.

The estimated termination payment (i.e., the market value) for the DVRFA Swap Agreement allocable to the Borough debt as of December 31, 2020 is shown in the table on the previous page. In the event of a termination payment, DVRFA would assess the net loss, if any, to the Borough. Any net gain on the termination payment allocable to variable rate notes would be retained by DVRFA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</u> (cont'd)

Rollover Risk: This is the risk that the derivative does not last as long as the associated debt is outstanding. There is rollover risk on the interest rate swaps only to the extent that the swaps may be terminated prior to the maturity of the debt, as described above. Absent a termination event, the swap is scheduled to mature at the same time as the related debt.

Market Access Risk: The Borough does not have this risk.

An analysis of debt service requirements including sinking fund requirements to maturity on these obligations is as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending December 31,	P	Principal		nterest	Total <u>Maturities</u>		
2021	\$	32,997	\$	7,810	\$	40,807	
2022		32,539		6,607		39,146	
2023		25,435		5,531		30,966	
2024		26,352		4,536		30,888	
2025		27,268		3,506		30,774	
2026 - 2030		56,370		6,835		63,205	
2031		12,145		557		12,702	
	\$	213,106	\$	35,382	\$	248,488	

Business-type Activities

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		!	nterest	Total <u>Maturities</u>			
2021	\$	111,003	\$	26,271	\$	137,274		
2022		109,461		22,227		131,688		
2023		85,565		18,605		104,170		
2024		88,648		15,258		103,906		
2025		91,732		11,794		103,526		
2026 - 2030		189,630		22,993		212,623		
2031		40,855		1,873		42,728		
	\$	716,894	\$	119,021	\$	835,915		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3 <u>DETAILED NOTES ON FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</u> (cont'd)

A schedule of changes in debt is as follows:

	Beginning Balance 1/1/20		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance 12/31/20		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Capital lease	\$	32,649	\$	-	\$	21,911	\$	10,738	\$	10,738
GO Notes		297,006		-		83,900		213,106		32,997
Compensated absences		188,253		33,789		43,171		178,871		-
OPEB obligation		654,025		-		-		654,025		-
Total Governmental Activities		1,171,933		33,789	_	148,982	1	,056,740	_	43,735
Business-type Activities:										
GO Notes		721,994				5,100		716,894		111,003
Total Business-type Activities		721,994		-		5,100		716,894		111,003
Total	\$	1,893,927	\$	33,789	\$	154,082	\$1	,773,634	\$	154,738

For the year ended December 31, 2020, interest expense for the governmental activities and the business-type activities was \$14,306 and \$1,100, respectively.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The Borough is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Borough participates in the Delaware Valley Property and Liability Trust pool. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$54,260. The pooling agreement permits the pool to make additional assessments to its members. The Trust declared a dividend in 2020. The Borough's share of the dividend distribution was \$12,830. At December 31, 2020, there were no additional assessments due or anticipated.

The Borough is also a member of the Delaware Valley Workers' Compensation Trust ("DVWCT"), a risk retention pool. The insurance expense for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$45,611. The Trust declared a dividend in 2020. The Borough's share of the dividend distribution was \$12,830. At December 31, 2020, there were no additional assessments due or anticipated.

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. In the normal course of business, there are various relatively minor claims and suits pending against the Borough, none of which materially affect the financial position of the Borough.

Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Borough administers two single employer defined benefit pension plans, the Municipal Police Pension Plan and the Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan. All eligible full-time police and non-uniformed employees participate in the plans, except for employees hired after January 1, 2010. Following are details of these two plans.

The most recent valuation was as of January 1, 2019. Details below are from the valuation.

	Municipal Police Pension	Employees' Pension
	Plan	Plan
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to	10	6
benefits not yet receiving them	<u>-</u>	-
Active employees	6	6
Total Membership	16	12

The Employees' Pension plan was closed to new entrants as of January 1, 2010.

Description of Municipal Police Pension Plan

The pension plan covers all full-time Borough police officers as of the date of hire. The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Retirement benefits vest after 12 or more years of service to the Borough. A plan member is eligible to receive normal retirement benefits upon reaching age 55 and 25 years of service at termination. The monthly normal retirement benefit is equal to 50 percent of the final 36-month average compensation. Plan members with at least 26 years of service at retirement also receive a Service Increment Benefit equal to an additional \$100 per month for each year of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

additional service, up to a maximum of \$500 per month. Early retirement is available after 20 or more years of service at termination. The amount of immediate monthly pension is the amount of the deferred monthly pension actuarially reduced to reflect early commencement of benefits. The deferred monthly pension is a percentage of the participant's final 36-month average salary and is payable commencing at the member's projected normal retirement date. The percentage is equal to 50 percent multiplied by the ratio of the participant's service at termination to projected service at normal retirement.

Member contributions are determined and amended through the Collective Bargaining Agreement. For the year ended December 31, 2020, member contributions were five percent of total compensation. The plan is subject to the funding and reporting requirements of the Pennsylvania Municipal Pension Plan Funding Standard and Recovery Act (Act 205 of 1984), Act 600, and the Collective Bargaining Agreement. The plan is governed by Borough Council, which is responsible for the management of plan assets. Benefit provisions have been established through collective bargaining. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

This plan issues a stand-alone financial statement which can be obtained at the Borough's Administrative Office.

Description of Employees' Pension Plan

The pension plan covers all eligible full-time Borough employees (excluding police officers), except for employees hired after January 1, 2010. The plan provides retirement and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Retirement benefits vest after five or more years of service to the Borough at termination. A plan member is eligible to receive normal retirement benefits upon reaching age 58. The monthly retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent multiplied by the final 36-month average compensation multiplied by years of service (25 year maximum). The Plan does not provide for a disability retirement benefit.

Member contributions are determined and amended through annual resolution of Borough Council. For the year ended December 31, 2020, member contributions were five percent of total compensation. The Borough is required by statute, principally Pennsylvania Act 205, to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the fund. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Pennsylvania law and may be amended only as allowed by Pennsylvania law. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

This plan issues a stand-alone financial statement which can be obtained at the Borough's Administrative Office.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters</u>

Basis of Accounting: The plans' financial statements are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting. Plan members, employer contributions, benefits, and refunds are recognized in the period in which the cash is transacted.

Method Used to Value Investments: Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Contributions Required and Contributions Made

The pension plan funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Level percentage of payroll employer contribution rates are determined using the entry age normal actuarial funding method as required by Pennsylvania Act 205. The pension plan also uses a method defined by Act 205 to amortize the unfunded liability over a defined period.

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>

The funded status of each plan as of January 1, 2019, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
Police	\$ 5,551,105	\$ 6,810,005	\$ 1,258,900	81.51%	\$ 698,388	180.26%
Employees'	\$ 2,232,407	\$ 2,407,007	\$ 174,600	92.75%	\$ 422,150	41.36%

The schedule of funding progress presented as supplementary information ("SI") immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

<u>Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation</u>

The Borough's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the pension plans for the current year are as follows:

	Municipal Police Pension Plan	Employees' Pension Plan	
Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 279,918 - -	\$ 41,937 - -	
Annual pension cost Contributions made per MMO	279,918 (279,918)	41,937 (41,937)	
Increase in pension obligation	-	-	
Net pension obligation (asset) - beginning of year	(6,167)	(61,296)	
Net pension obligation (asset) - end of year	\$ (6,167)	\$ (61,296)	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Municipal Police Pension Plan

In the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.5 percent investment rate of return and a 4.5 percent projected salary increase. The UAAL is being amortized based on the level percentage closed method with a ten-year amortization period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

Employees' Pension Plan

In the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.25 percent investment rate of return and a 3.0 percent projected salary increase. The UAAL is being amortized based on the level percentage closed method with a ten-year amortization period.

Three-year Trend Information

Municipal Police Pension Plan

Year Ended December 31,	Annual Pension Cost	Contributions	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)
2018	\$ 314,970	\$ 314,970	100.0%	\$ (6,167)
2019	\$ 295,158	\$ 295,158	100.0%	\$ (6,167)
2020	\$ 279,918	\$ 279,918	100.0%	\$ (6,167)

Employees' Pension Plan

Year Ended December 31,	Annual Pension Cost	Contributions	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)
2018	\$ 45,401	\$ 45,401	100.0%	\$ (61,296)
2019	\$ 46,217	\$ 46,217	100.0%	\$ (61,296)
2020	\$ 41,937	\$ 41,937	100.0%	\$ (61,296)

Other Postemployment Benefits

The Borough administers a public employee retirement, single employer defined other postemployment benefit plan ("OPEB") to provide for certain post-retirement healthcare benefits, the Police Post-Retirement Plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

Plan membership was as follows, per the last actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2017:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	8
Total Membership	8

Description of the Plan

Through police contract, any officer who retires on a normal or service-related disability pension shall receive from the Borough, until the retired officer becomes eligible for Medicare, or until any other source of medical benefits becomes available through employment of the officer, or his or her spouse, a benefit equal to the cost of the basic single health coverage provided at the date of retirement.

The Borough shall also extend full coverage for the officer's spouse until the spouse is eligible for Medicare. The maximum benefit period for an officer or spouse shall be 10 years. Children, up to the age of 26, shall receive coverage until neither the officer nor spouse receive coverage.

Basic coverage is defined as the medical, vision, and dental plan offered for active employees with no required co-pay. In the event of an officer's death in the line of duty, medical benefits enjoyed by the officer at the time of his or her death shall be continued for the officer's family until the death or remarriage of the widow/widower and until the children reach the age of 18, or if a full-time student, age 23. All post-retirement medical benefits will cease if any government-authorized or government-required health plan covering early retirees becomes available, provided that such plan provides the same or better level of coverage.

The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Funding Policy

Retirees are not required to make contributions to this plan. There are no required contributions of the employer. The contribution requirements of the Borough and plan members have been established and may be amended through Board Resolution and Police Labor Contracts. The Borough is accounting for these expenditures on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. For December 31, 2020, the Borough allocated \$64,642 into savings for this plan. The Borough has not established a separate trust for these benefits; therefore, allocated savings for the year are not listed in these

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

notes as "contributions." The amounts shown as contributions are actual payments of insurance premiums for the year. The Borough has committed funds totaling \$407,611 in the General Fund for future post-retirement benefit costs. The annual cost of these benefits in 2020 was \$0. There were no retirees receiving benefits in 2020

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date is as follows:

		Actuarial Accrued				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]
1/1/2017	\$ -	\$ 654,025	\$ 654,025	0.00%	N/A*	0.00%

NA* - Benefits are not pay-related

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as supplementary information ("SI") following the notes to the financial statements, is to present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. However, because the Borough maintains no plan assets, required disclosures over plan assets is not applicable.

Projections of benefits are based on the types of benefits provided under the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point, and the projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

<u>Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation</u>

The Borough's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual pension contribution ("APC") of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of the GASB Standards Codification. The APC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of 30 years. The following table illustrates the components of the Borough's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Borough's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 48,786
Interest on net OPEB obligation	26,411
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(72,398)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	2,799
Increase in net OPEB obligation	2,799
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	660,267
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 663,066

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10 percent, reduced by decrements of 1.0 percent per year until an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent is reached. The amortization period is over 30 years and is calculated using the level dollar - open method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

Three-year Trend Information:

Year Ended December 31,	Annual OPEB Cost	Contributions	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2018	\$ 3,234	\$ -	0%	\$ 657,529
2019	\$ 3,008	\$ -	0%	\$ 660,267
2020	\$ 2,799	\$ -	0%	\$ 663,066

NOTE 5 <u>UNCERTAINTY</u>

COVID-19 Pandemic

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus which is ongoing at December 31, 2020, economic and operational uncertainties have arisen which may impact the Borough in 2021. There exist uncertainties surrounding the Borough's operations which will have a direct impact on revenue and expense items. The extent of the potential impact is unknown as the COVID-19 pandemic continues to develop.

NOTE 6 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Borough has evaluated all subsequent events through June 23, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Ten-year historical trend information about the plan is presented herewith as supplementary information. It is intended to help users assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other state and local government retirement systems.

The ten-year historical trend information is as follows (beginning with the January 1, 2011 valuation):

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Actuarial Valuation Date	Net Assets Available for Benefits	Pension Obligation Benefit	(Overfunded) Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation (2)-(1)	Percentage Funded (1)/(2)	Annual Covered Payroll	(Overfunded) Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(5)
1/1/11	1,106,525	1,534,669	423,144	72.10%	402,494	106.37%
1/1/12	*	*	*	*	*	*
1/1/13	1,361,156	1,600,218	239,062	85.06%	420,292	56.88%
1/1/14	*	*	*	*	*	*
1/1/15	1,647,166	1,965,164	317,998	83.82%	427,220	74.43%
1/1/16	*	*	*	*	*	*
1/1/17	1,937,420	2,025,785	88,365	95.64%	390,582	22.62%
1/1/18	*	*	*	*	*	*
1/1/19	2,232,407	2,407,007	174,600	92.75%	422,150	41.36%
1/1/20	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} Information not available due to actuarial valuation required by Act 205 biennially.

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the pension benefit obligation as a factor.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended December 31	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2011	105,243	100.0%
2012	95,484	100.0%
2013	95,927	100.0%
2014	81,381	100.0%
2015	82,961	100.0%
2016	92,361	100.0%
2017	89,498	100.2%
2018	45,401	100.0%
2019	46,217	100.0%
2020	41,937	100.0%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The information presented in the supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation date follows:

Actuarial valuation date January 1, 2019

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level Percentage Closed

Amortization period 10 Years

Asset valuation method Limited to the maximum of 115% and a minimum

of 85% of the fair market value of assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.25% per annum Projected salary increases 3.0% per annum

Includes inflation None

Cost-of-living adjustments Retired members may receive ad-hoc cost of living

adjustments at the sole discretion of Borough

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - POLICE PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Ten-year historical trend information about the plan is presented here with as supplementary information. It is intended to help users assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other state and local government retirement systems.

The ten-year historical trend information is as follows (beginning with the January 1, 2011 valuation):

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Actuarial Valuation Date	Net Assets Available for Benefits	Pension Obligation Benefit	(Overfunded) Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation (2)-(1)	Percentage Funded (1)/(2)	Annual Covered Payroll	(Overfunded) Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(5)
1/1/11	2,756,653	4,131,669	1,375,016	66.72%	804,919	170.83%
1/1/12	*	*	*	*	*	*
1/1/13	3,198,212	4,656,033	1,457,821	68.69%	840,800	173.38%
1/1/14	*	*	*	*	*	*
1/1/15	3,878,274	5,206,351	1,328,257	74.49%	921,775	144.10%
1/1/16	*	*	*	*	*	*
1/1/17	4,737,123	6,016,290	1,279,167	78.74%	880,894	145.21%
1/1/18	*	*	*	*	*	*
1/1/19	5,551,105	6,810,005	1,258,900	81.51%	698,388	180.26%
1/1/20	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} Information not available due to the actuarial valuations biennially required by Act 205.

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the pension benefit obligation as a factor.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - POLICE PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended December 31	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2011	208,821	100.0%
2012	205,002	100.0%
2013	255,614	100.0%
2014	295,388	100.0%
2015	296,783	100.0%
2016	312,085	101.6%
2017	304,995	100.2%
2018	314,970	100.0%
2019	295,158	100.0%
2020	279,918	100.0%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - POLICE PENSION PLAN

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The information presented in the supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation date follows:

Actuarial valuation date January 1, 2019

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level Percentage Closed

Amortization period 10 Years

Asset valuation method Limited to the maximum of 115% and a minimum

of 85% of the fair market value of assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.5% per annum Projected salary increases 4.5% per annum

Includes inflation None

Cost-of-living adjustments A participant's initial pension is subject to annual

cost-of-living increases. A participant's ultimate pension cannot exceed the lesser of (a) 130% of the participant's initial pension and (b) 75% of the salary upon which the participant's initial

pension was based.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - POLICE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Historical trend information about the plan is presented herewith as supplementary information. It is intended to help users assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other state and local government retirement systems.

The historical trend information is below. The January 1, 2017 valuation was the latest valuation for the plan.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b)-(a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)
01/01/11	\$ -	\$ 338,028	\$ 338,028	0.0%	N/A	0.0%
01/01/17	\$ -	\$ 654,025	\$ 654,025	0.0%	N/A	0.0%

N/A – Benefits are not pay-related

SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Actuarial Valuation	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
01/01/11	\$ 46,158	0.0%
01/01/17	\$ 48,786	0.0%

See Note 4 to the Borough's financial statements for additional information about the funding policy for this postemployment benefits plan.



BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2020

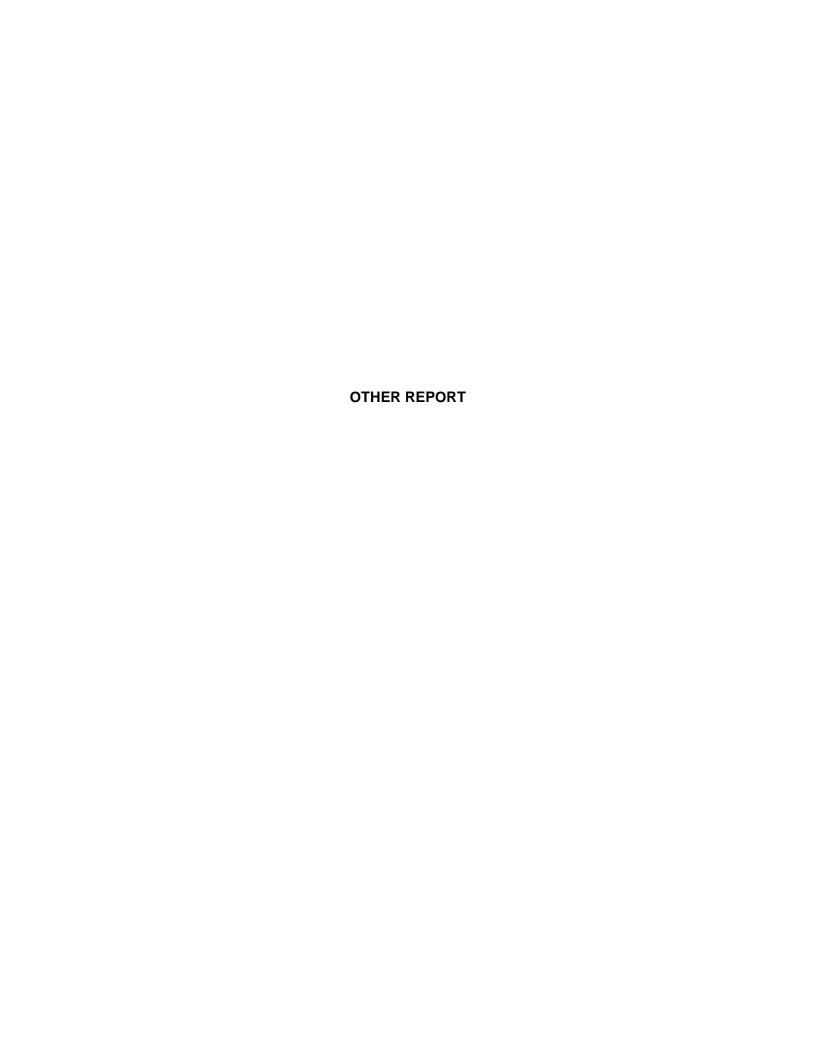
ASSETS	Police Pension	Employees' Pension	Total Pension Trust Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents Payroll withholdings due from Borough of Swarthmore Investments, at fair value - mutual funds:	\$ 164,725 9,688	\$ 85,151 4,091	\$ 249,876 13,779	
Mutual funds - fixed income	2,138,330	902,333	3,040,663	
Mutual funds - international fixed income	1,600,698	703,005	2,303,703	
Mutual funds - equity	3,001,050	1,271,412	4,272,462	
Mutual funds - stable value	380,496		380,496	
TOTAL ASSETS	7,294,987	2,965,992	10,260,979	
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities				
NET POSITION				
Net position - restricted for pension benefits	\$ 7,294,987	\$ 2,965,992	\$10,260,979	

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

ADDITIONS:	Police Pension	Employees' Pension	Total
Contributions: Municipal contributions Employee contributions State contributions Total Contributions	\$ 228,120 33,313 51,798 313,231	\$ 19,878 19,123 22,059 61,060	\$ 247,998 52,436 73,857 374,291
Investment Income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments Dividends and interest Total Investment Income Less: Investment expense Net Investment Income	806,542 129,031 935,573 (72,067) 863,506	339,770 55,196 394,966 (26,186) 368,780	1,146,312 184,227 1,330,539 (98,253) 1,232,286
TOTAL ADDITIONS	1,176,737	429,840	1,606,577
DEDUCTIONS:			
Benefits paid	259,953	87,100	347,053
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	259,953	87,100	347,053
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	916,784	342,740	1,259,524
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,378,203	2,623,252	9,001,455
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,294,987	\$ 2,965,992	\$10,260,979

BOROUGH OF SWARTHMORE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUND MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS Cash	Balance 1/1/20		Additions		Deductions		Balance 12/31/20	
	\$	9,972	\$		\$		\$	9,972
LIABILITIES Escrow Payable	\$	9,972	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	9,972





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 23, 2021

To the Borough Council Borough of Swarthmore Swarthmore, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough of Swarthmore ("the Borough"), Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Borough's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Borough's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Borough's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Borough's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Borough's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

To the Borough Council Borough of Swarthmore

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Borough's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Borough's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Borough's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Barbacane, Thornton & Company LLP
BARBACANE, THORNTON & COMPANY LLP